

GREENPEACE SCORECARD ON PALM OIL PRODUCERS - Full Table of Company Responses

Introduction

Existing initiatives to try and break the link between deforestation and palm oil are not yet achieving this result. If the expansion in the production of palm oil continues, without further environmental protection measures, it will result in the further destruction of large parts of Indonesia's last remaining forests and peatlands. This will deprive forest communities of their livelihood and culture, cause even greater loss of biodiversity, and release even more greenhouse gases into the atmosphere.

Greenpeace is calling on palm oil producers and consumers to work together to finally break the link between palm oil expansion and deforestation. This can be achieved by strengthening forest and peatland protection commitments and putting them into action.

Why has Greenpeace produced this Scorecard?

The Palm Oil Producers Scorecard gives an overview of where palm oil producers stand based on a Greenpeace review of the steps some of the world's biggest palm oil producers have taken so far to limit their impact on forests and peatlands. Greenpeace is providing the latest information on the policies of palm oil producers so that consumer companies can take these into account when they purchase palm oil. It is important to note that this Scorecard provides a review of the policies these producers have put in place, and does not necessarily reflect operations on the ground.

What criteria did we use to rank the palm oil producers?

Greenpeace has ranked some of world's main palm oil producers based on three main criteria: **Commitment to stopping deforestation, a policy on no development on peatland, and percentage of RSPO certified production.** Greenpeace selected eleven of the world's major palm oil producers based on a combination of annual crude palm oil (CPO) production and industry best practices. Following this, Greenpeace produced a questionnaire for those companies to fill in. Based on publicly available information, Greenpeace already provided answers for companies to review, verify and amend. The companies were also asked for additional information where needed. The producers mainly come from Indonesia and Malaysia, but also include Agropalma (Brazil) and NBPOL (Papua New Guinea) as examples of current best practices.

The questionnaire deals with a variety of issues, including positioning towards the outcomes of the RSPO GHG Working Group, and the transparency of HCV assessments. Greenpeace has selected three topics as clear indicators of the existing progressive behaviour of these companies: **a policy to stop deforestation, a policy to stop developments on ALL peatlands, and the percentage of palm oil products that is produced under RSPO certification.**

If a company has taken some measures to protect peatlands, regardless of depth, they score a small tick. Only policies that commit the company to fully stopping deforestation score a full tick, not policies that would protect certain designated forest areas, like HCVF or other protected areas. If two companies have the same score, the company with the largest production is ranked higher.

Name of Company	Area of palm oil concessions held 2011 (by country)	Annual Crude Palm Oil (CPO) production (2011)	Annual Palm Kernel Oil (CKO) production (2011)	Share of Global CPO production (2011) ^a	RSPO Membership	Share of RSPO certified CPO compared to company's total CPO production in 2011	RSPO certification plan for all subsidiaries	Publicly available High Carbon Value (HCV) assessment ?	Does your company require suppliers' HCV assessments?	Have you been conducting HCV assessments prior to new planting and development since 2005?	Who conducts your HCV Assessments?	Does your company have a policy on full protection of peatlands?	If "Yes", does your company require the same policy from your suppliers?	Does your company have a policy on natural forest protection and conservation (not just primary forest)?	If "Yes", does your company require the same policy from your suppliers?	Does your company support the RSPO GHG WG2 recommendation on the expansion of new plantations to low carbon stock land (degraded) and avoiding peatlands?	Will your company adopt a forest policy that protects High Carbon Stock forest areas?	If there was an additional requirement of a carbon threshold for palm oil production, would your company implement this voluntarily?	If there was an additional requirement of a NO-peatland policy for new expansion, would your company implement this voluntarily ?	If your palm oil expansion plans extend beyond Indonesia or Malaysia, will your above positions and policies apply globally?	
Agropalma Brazil¹	51,000 ha planted area including 4,000 ha under organic production and 11,000 small holders. 64,000 ha forest reserves. Total land area 115,000 ha ²	160,000 mt ³	13,500 mt ⁴	0.3%	Two subsidiaries are RSPO members	83,86% 10% also Organic	Agropalma Group plantations have been RSPO certified since August 2011. By August 2014, smallholders and the rest of the supply chain will also be certified. There is a project in place to achieve this target.	All information is publicly available.	From the start of 2012 the first HCV assessments of potential Agropalma smallholder supplier lands began. The assessments are in line with RSPO New Planting Procedures and are publicly available.	For own plantations, since 2008. For smallholders, since 2012.	Arthur Wieczorek and Miguel Vieira	There is no peatland in Agropalma lands. The company made a public commitment at RSPO Round Table 7.	Yes.	Complies with Brazilian law and since 2001 deforestation in all kinds of forests (primary or secondary) has been banned.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes, our company is already committed to this. Although we have no peatland in our landstock in the Amazon, if our company, wants to expand to other countries, any new developments of oil palms will set aside peat areas wherever they are located.
New Britain Palm Oil Ltd (NBPOL)⁵	95,334 ha (total land area) includes sugar and cattle ⁷ 10,598 ha (forest reserves)	551,657 mt ⁸	PK: 100,655 mt PKO: 39,820 mt ⁹	1.1%	Group membership of RSPO	61.53%	Full RSPO certification in 2012	Yes	Yes all smallholders have appropriate assessments – 100% of the supply base is covered.	Yes	All obtained from the RSPO approved list of HCV practitioners – Lewie Dekker, Guy Williams, John Douglas are the main ones.	Yes – no planting on peat – and a public statement with the producers from the ROW	All smallholders covered by this policy	Yes for forests identified as HCV. In addition NBPOL is working on HCS assessments to define HCS forests through a net loss of carbon approach.	Yes	Yes on peatlands - NBPOL is in the process of identifying low carbon stock land in relation to the PNG landscape	Still undergoing research on what this means in the PNG landscape	Not at present. NBPOL does not feel that the current threshold suggested is realistic	Yes	Yes. NBPOL has one uniform approach	
Golden Agri Resources Ltd (GAR)¹⁰	455,660 ha ¹¹	2,152,809 mt ¹²	487,298 mt ¹³	4.3%	Parent company (GAR) and 2 subsidiaries (PT SMART Tbk and PT IMT) are members of RSPO	15.62% Note: Based on RSPO certified CPO production as at June 2012	GAR plans to obtain certification for its existing units (as of 30 June 2010) by end 2015	Available on request	No information	HCV assessments have been conducted since late 2008 – RSPO New Planting Procedure was adopted in January 2010	RSPO-approved HCV assessors: – third-party assessors or – self-assessment and peer reviewed by third parties	Yes. This is covered in GAR's Forest Conservation Policy (FCP)	No. GAR's FCP focuses on its operations and applies to all the plantations that it owns, manages or invests in regardless of the stake.	Yes. GAR's FCP seeks to conserve High Carbon Stock (HCS) forests.	No. Please see response to Question 14.	Yes. As part of its FCP, GAR is committed to conserving HCS forest areas. Upon gathering the required input and feedback from all stakeholders, GAR intends to develop its action plans for how it will proceed further with its HCS forest methodology and will announce this in due course.	Yes. As part of its FCP, GAR is committed to conserving HCS forest areas. Upon gathering the required input and feedback from all stakeholders, GAR intends to develop its action plans for how it will proceed further with its HCS forest methodology and will announce this in due course.	As part of its HCS Forest Study, GAR will announce its action plan in due course	Yes. It is part of GAR's FCP.	Yes. GAR's FCP applies to all the plantations that it owns, manages or invests in regardless of the stake.	
Wilmar International Limited¹⁴	58,934 ha (Malaysia) 221,490 ha (Indonesia, incl plasma small-holders) ¹⁵	2010: 1,597,890 mt 2011: 1,778,882 mt ¹⁶	- ¹⁷	3.5%	Yes	Total CSPO & PK produced from 14 certified mills: 550,660 mt and 118,352 mt respectively. 30.95%	Time-bound plan for completion of certification audits for all mills and plantations by 2016.	Available only with Non-Disclosure Agreement.	-	Yes	Third parties	Yes, with effect from Oct 2012	-	Yes, according to EIA and HCV assessors' recommendations	-	Yes.	It is hard to agree to something which is still unknown. What is the additional requirement?	Yes	Our policies will apply to those operations in which we have more than 50% interest.		
Musim Mas Group¹⁸	87,480 Ha ¹⁹	1,007,061 mt ²⁰	391,375 mt ²¹	1.2%	7 Subsidiaries are RSPO members ²²	64.68% ²³	Time-bound plans for full certification for all mills up to 2012 ²⁴	NPP and CB's Notification and Report Summary are published on RSPO website. ²⁵	-	No ²⁶	Third parties ²⁷	Yes partially ²⁸	No information	No ²⁹	-	No information	No information	No information	No information	No information	
Sime Darby Plantation Sdn Bhd³⁰	Malaysia : 314,035 ha Indonesia : 207,889 ha Total : 521,924 ha ³¹	2,446,692 mt ³²	550,326 mt ³³	4.8%	Three subsidiary companies are RSPO members – Sime Darby Plantations – Sime Darby Unimilis – Horakot Industries Public Company Limited.	83%	RSPO Certification Status as at June 2012 (by Country): a. Malaysia – 100% certified. b. Indonesia – 82% certified [balance 4 Strategic Units (mills & estates) are awaiting certification. Certification Assessments for the 4 Strategic Units completed].	Available upon request	Not applicable.	We are currently discussing an HCV remediation project with the RSPO Secretariat. The status and findings of the project will be presented at the forthcoming RT10.	Preliminary Assessment by Internal Assessors and Official Assessment by Principles & Criteria of the RSPO Secretariat	Yes. SDP is committed to adhere to the New Planting Procedure and complies with RSPO New Planting Procedure and all other environmental regulations worldwide in all the areas wherein we operate.	Not applicable	Eventually, yes.	Yes	SDP will adhere to all regulations that are relevant to new plantings. As you are aware the definition of "low carbon stock" land is still being discussed by multi-stakeholder groups. SDP's position on peatland plantings is as stated in point 13 above.	Yes	SDP will adhere to all regulations and policies adopted by the jurisdictions within which we operate.	Yes, see response in item 13.	Yes, our commitments encompass all our operations.	
IOI Corporation Bhd³⁴	Malaysia : 148,966 ha Indonesia : 8,059 ha Total : 157,045 ha ³⁵	686,917 mt ³⁶	165,701 mt ³⁷	1.4%	Group membership of RSPO	55.01%	Time-bound plans for full certification for all 12 mills under the group by 2013	NPP and CB's Notification and Report Summary are published on RSPO website.	As per RSPO requirements	Yes; after 2005, the 1st development and planting only in 2009 in Indonesia	Various third parties, recognised by HCV Network	No	Only for Primary Forest or Forestry Reserves set out by national initiatives; and following RSPO requirements on HCV.	No	In line with RSPO recommendations	As per RSPO recommendations	As per RSPO recommendations	As per RSPO recommendations	As per RSPO recommendations	Currently not relevant for IOI.	
Asian Agri³⁸	100,000 ha company estates 60,000 ha smallholders estates ³⁹	686,075 MT This covers the production of PT. IIS owned estates as well as the smallholders estates (Plasma & KKPA scheme). ⁴⁰	N/A Asian Agri subsidiary PT. Inti Indosavit Subur (PT. IIS) does not own any Palm Kernel Crushing Plant	1.4% Includes the production of PT. IIS owned estates as well as the smallholder estates (Plasma & KKPA scheme).	Asian Agri subsidiary PT. IIS has been an RSPO member since February 2006	29.98%	Time-bound plans for full certification for 19 mills by 2018	HCV assessments have been conducted in our estates and are publicly available	We purchase Fresh Fruit Bunches (FFBs) from smallholders to produce palm oil	HCV assessments for our estates have been conducted and completed prior to new planting and development from 2005 onwards.	All HCV assessment audits are conducted by RSPO accredited HCV assessors. Upon audit, HCV assessment report will be reviewed by an independent third party.	Management of peatland corresponds to the Ministry of Agriculture regulations	We purchase FFBs from smallholders to produce palm oil	Forest protection refers to the Ministry of Forestry regulations	We purchase FFBs from smallholders to produce palm oil	Planting on peatland refers to Ministry of Agriculture regulations. The definition of low carbon stock land in RSPO is still in process.	Forest protection refers to the Ministry of Forestry regulations	The definition and determination of carbon threshold is still under ongoing process.	Planting on peatland refers to Ministry of Agriculture regulations	PT. IIS only currently operates in Sumatra.	
Indofood Agri Resources Ltd⁴¹	216,837 ha (Planted area – Nucleus) 85,719 ha (Oil Palm and Rubber Plasma) ⁴²	838,000 mt ⁴³	195,000 mt ⁴⁴	1.7%	2 Subsidiaries are RSPO members	23.27%	Time-bound plans for full certification for all mills under PT London Sumatera Tbk and PT SDMP Tbk & Subsidiaries up by 2016	HCV Assessment for Riau plantations is publicly available and public consultation on HCV Assessment was conducted in Rokan Hilir in February 2011.	No	HCV Assessment conducted for concessions in Riau province but we haven't had any new planting program since 2005.	We are cooperating with Forestry Department, Bogor Agricultural Institute to assess HCV. Members of the assessment team are: 1. Ir. H. Nyoto Santoso, MS 2. Ir. Siswono, M.Si 3. Ir. Heru B Pulungono, M.Sc 4. Handian Purwawangsa, S. Hut, M. Si. 5. Dr. Mirza Dikari Kusirni 6. Ahmad Faisal Siregar, S. Hut 7. Sutopo, S. Hut M. Syaidina Ali, Amd	No, although where they are identified as HCV we have a policy on protection in line with all HCV areas.	-	We agree and support the adoption of the RSPO GHG WG2 on the expansion of new plantations on low carbon stock land.	We will adopt the Principles and Criteria of the RSPO and ISPO certifications	We would consider depending on the requirements.	We have adopted a no peatland policy in line with Indonesian regulations.	We will follow the RSPO process for certification on all our oil palm plantations.			
PT. Astra Agro Lestari Tbk⁴⁵	266,706 ha ⁴⁶	1,268,196 mt ⁴⁷	25,267 mt ⁴⁸	2.5%	None	None	None	Available on request ⁴⁹	No information	No information	No information	No ⁵⁰	-	No information	-	No information	No information	No information	No information	No information	

Acronym :
CB : Certification Body
CPO : Crude Palm Oil
CSPO : Certified Sustainable Palm Oil
EIA : Environment Impact Assessment
FCP : Forest Conservation Policy
FFB : Fresh Fruit Bunch
GAR : Golden Agri Resources
GHG : Green House Gases
ha : Hectare
HCS : High Carbon Stock
HCV : High Conservation Value
mt : Metric Ton
NBPOL : New Britain Palm Oil Limited
NPP : New Planting Procedure
PNG : Papua New Guinea
PK : Palm Kernel
PKO : Palm Kernel Oil
PT. INT : PT. Ivo Has Tunggal
PT. ISS : PT. Inti Indosavit Subur
PT. SIMP : PT. Salmi Ivomas Pratama
ROW : Rest Of World
RSPO : Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil
RT 10 : 10th Annual Roundtable Meeting On Sustainable Palm Oil
RT 7 : 7th Annual Roundtable Meeting on Sustainable Palm Oil
SDP : Sime Darby Plantation
WG GHG2 : RSPO 2nd Working Group Green House Gas

Reference:
1. Agropalma Brazil replied to Greenpeace's email and returned the completed questionnaire on October 5th 2012.
2. On the Agropalma Brazil website, the company stated that they own 39,000 hectares of plantation. <http://www.agropalma.com.br/eng/agropalma.asp>
3. Agropalma Brazil annual communications of progress report to RSPO for 2011/2012. http://www.rsपो.org/files/Annual%20Report%20GAR_AnnualReport2011.pdf
4. In annual communications of progress report to RSPO for 2011/2012, Agropalma Brazil stated that Annual CPO production is 28,324 mt. http://www.rsपो.org/files/Annual%20Report%20GAR_AnnualReport2011.pdf
5. Global palm oil production in 2011 reported 50,518,000 Mt. Based on Oil World Data Base June 2012 by ISTA Mielke GmbH
6. NBPOL replied to Greenpeace's email and returned the completed questionnaire on October 12th 2012. <http://www.nbpol.com.pg/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2012/04/New-Britain-Palm-Oil-Limited-NBPOL-AR-2011-FINAL.pdf>
7. New Britain Palm Oil Limited (2012) annual report 2011 : <http://www.nbpol.com.pg/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2012/04/New-Britain-Palm-Oil-Limited-NBPOL-AR-2011-FINAL.pdf>

8. New Britain Palm Oil Limited (2012) annual report 2011 : <http://www.nbpol.com.pg/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2012/04/New-Britain-Palm-Oil-Limited-NBPOL-AR-2011-FINAL.pdf>
9. New Britain Palm Oil Limited (2012) annual report 2011 : <http://www.nbpol.com.pg/wp-content/uploads/downloads/2012/04/New-Britain-Palm-Oil-Limited-NBPOL-AR-2011-FINAL.pdf>
10. In annual communications of progress report to RSPO for 2011/2012, NBPOL stated that Annual PKO 89,245 mt. http://www.rsपो.org/sites/default/files/ACOP2012_GRW_1-0016-04-008-00-47.pdf
11. GAR replied to Greenpeace's email and returned the completed questionnaire on August 23rd 2012.
12. GAR (2012) annual report 2011. http://www.goldenagri.com.sg/pdfs/Annual%20Report%20GAR_AnnualReport2011.pdf
13. GAR (2012) annual report 2011 : http://www.goldenagri.com.sg/pdfs/Annual%20Report%20GAR_AnnualReport2011.pdf
14. In Wilmar annual report 2011, Companies Oil Palm concession size is 247,081 Ha. <http://www.wilmar-international.com/sustainability/resources/Wilmar%20SR%202011%20-%20FINAL.pdf>

15. In Wilmar annual report 2011, Companies Oil Palm concession size is 247,081 Ha. <http://www.wilmar-international.com/sustainability/resources/Wilmar%20SR%202011%20-%20FINAL.pdf>
16. Wilmar (2012) sustainability report 2011 : <http://www.wilmar-international.com/sustainability/resources/Wilmar%20SR%202011%20-%20FINAL.pdf>
17. Wilmar answer – for PKO production, In Wilmar sustainability report 2011, they only provide information about Palm Kernel production (413,554 mt). <http://www.wilmar-international.com/sustainability/resources/Wilmar%20SR%202011%20-%20FINAL.pdf>
18. Musim Mas did not completed questionnaire, only referred Greenpeace to RSPO website.
19. Musim Mas Group did not provide information on Oil Palm concession size. This number is estimated from Musim Mas Group's subsidiaries/PT Musim Hias, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama) on annual communications of progress report to RSPO for 2011/2012.
20. Musim Mas Group did not provide information on CPO total production. This number is estimated from Musim Mas's subsidiaries(PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama) on annual communications of progress report to RSPO for 2011/2012.
21. Last reported CPO production projection for other subsidiaries (PT Siringo-Ringo, PT Sinar Agro Raya, PT Bahana Nusa Intermido, PT Indo Makmur Sawit) was in 2008 by company's certification body. http://rsपो.org/files/resource_centre/RSPONFORMMH2.pdf
22. Musim Mas Group did not provide information on CPO total production. This number is estimated from Musim Mas's subsidiaries(PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama) on annual communications of progress report to RSPO for 2011/2012.
23. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
24. Meeting with Greenpeace, June 4th 2011
25. This can be found in the audit reports of certified growers
26. Musim Mas has subsidiaries which have already been operating without completed HCV assessments. PT Globalindo Alam Perkasa (GAP) only completed a full HCV assessment on March 2012. See executive summary of company's HCV assessment in http://www.giaconmoditas.com/WP/Type_A-34761494.pdf.
27. White PT Maja Aneka Sawit (MAS) and PT Unggul Lestari (UL) only started HCV assessment at least in March 2009. See company's HCV assessor correspondence with local NGO. <http://nordindonesia.blogspot.com/2008/12/nordindk-ft-sm->

28. Musim Mas Group membership status from RSPO websites: PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Unggul Lestari, PT Wira Inno Mas, PT Mentari Pratama.
29. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
30. Meeting with Greenpeace, June 4th 2011
31. This can be found in the audit reports of certified growers
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33. White PT Maja Aneka Sawit (MAS) and PT Unggul Lestari (UL) only started HCV assessment at least in March 2009. See company's HCV assessor correspondence with local NGO. <http://nordindonesia.blogspot.com/2008/12/nordindk-ft-sm->

34. Musim Mas Group membership status from RSPO websites: PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Unggul Lestari, PT Wira Inno Mas, PT Mentari Pratama.
35. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
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39. White PT Maja Aneka Sawit (MAS) and PT Unggul Lestari (UL) only started HCV assessment at least in March 2009. See company's HCV assessor correspondence with local NGO. <http://nordindonesia.blogspot.com/2008/12/nordindk-ft-sm->

40. Musim Mas Group membership status from RSPO websites: PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Unggul Lestari, PT Wira Inno Mas, PT Mentari Pratama.
41. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
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46. Musim Mas Group membership status from RSPO websites: PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Unggul Lestari, PT Wira Inno Mas, PT Mentari Pratama.
47. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
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51. White PT Maja Aneka Sawit (MAS) and PT Unggul Lestari (UL) only started HCV assessment at least in March 2009. See company's HCV assessor correspondence with local NGO. <http://nordindonesia.blogspot.com/2008/12/nordindk-ft-sm->

52. Musim Mas Group membership status from RSPO websites: PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Unggul Lestari, PT Wira Inno Mas, PT Mentari Pratama.
53. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
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57. White PT Maja Aneka Sawit (MAS) and PT Unggul Lestari (UL) only started HCV assessment at least in March 2009. See company's HCV assessor correspondence with local NGO. <http://nordindonesia.blogspot.com/2008/12/nordindk-ft-sm->

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59. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
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65. Using the RSPO ACOP 2011/2012, Musim Mas group certified CPO (PT Musim Mas, PT Berkas Sawit Sejaht, PT Agrowitama, PT. Unggul Lestari, PT. Mentari Pratama). http://www.rsपो.org/files/ACOP2012-OM_GRW%20Submitters31.pdf
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69. White PT Maja Aneka Sawit (MAS) and PT Unggul Lestari (UL) only started HCV assessment at least in March 2009. See company's HCV assessor correspondence with local NGO. <http://nordindonesia.blogspot.com/2008/12/nordindk-ft-sm->

production of Crude Palm Oil (CPO) is around 36,000 Mt each month http://www.darmexagro.com/index.php?option=com_content&view=full&Itemid=183&tmpl=2
55. PT. Darmex Agro website stated PT. Darmex Agro with its subsidiaries produce 91,000 MT of Palm Kernel annually and produce around 270 tons of palm kernel oil per day http://www.darmexagro.com/index.php?option=com_content&view=full&Itemid=40&Itemid=65
56. RSPO website accessed on March 12, 2012 <http://www.rsपो.org/2925>
57. Did not respond to Greenpeace emails and please see "How The Palm Oil Industry Cooking The Plans, 2007" Greenpeace International report on Data Palma clearing deep peatlands.
58. Did not respond to Greenpeace emails and please see Greenpeace analysis: Dutra Palma concession maps overlapped tiger habitat (WWF report: Sanderson, E. J., Fornest, C., Loucks, J., Ginsberg, E., Dinetski, J., Saldensticker, F., Leimgruber, M., Soneger, A., Heydler, T., O'Brien, G., Bryja, S., Kleizenadorf and E. Wikramanayake. 2006. Setting Priorities for the Conservation and Recovery of Wild Tigers: 2005-2015. The Technical Assessment. WCS, WWF, Smithsonian, and NFWF-SITF, New York – Washington, D.C.)
59. PT. Darmex Agro website stated that total